

SPECIFICATION

Type: Rechargeable Nickel Metal Hydride

(Ni-MH) Prismatic Cell

Model No.: F6 800H

Prepared: _____

Approved: _____

Specification

Type : Rechargeable Nickel Metal Hydride
Prismatic Cell

Nominal Dimension : The drawing(with sleeve)

Nominal Capacity : 800mAH (20°C,0.2C discharge to 1.0V/cell)

Nominal Voltage : 1.2V

Internal Resistance : $\leq 30\text{m}\Omega$ (at 1 kHz, fully charged, 20°C,average)

Applications : Recommended discharge current 0.05C to 3.0C

Standard Charge : 0.1C for 16hrs at 20°C

Service Life : >500 cycles (20°C, IEC Standard)

Average Weight : 18.0g

Typical Capacity : (20°C)
800mAH (0.2 C to 1.0V)

Max. Discharge Current : 3.0C (continuous)

Fast charge : 0.5C to 1.0C, Charge termination control recommended
(20°C, $-\Delta V=5\sim 10\text{mV}$, Timer =120% nominal input)

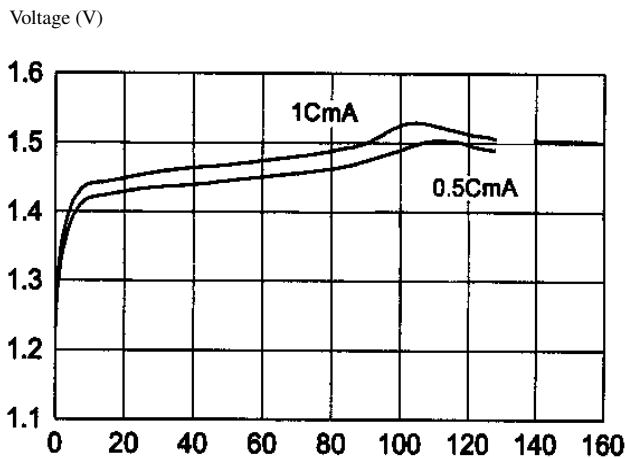
Continuous overcharge : 0.1C(less than 100hrs)

Permanent charge : 20mA to 30 mA

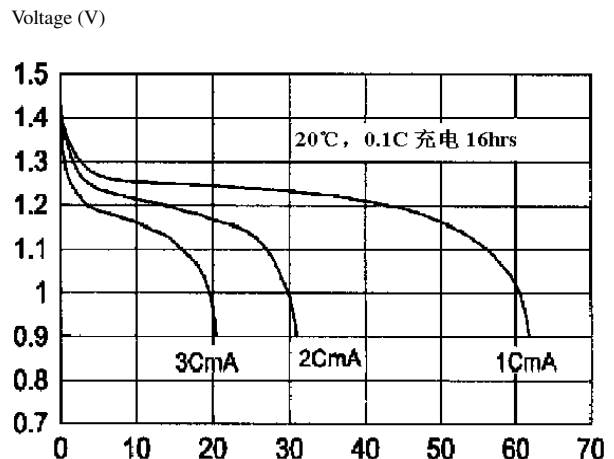
Operation temperatures : 0°C to +45°C (standard charge)
(for recommended) +10°C to +45°C (fast charge)
-20°C to +80°C (discharge)
-20°C to +35°C (storage)



Fast Charge Curve



High Rate Discharge



Performance and Quality Assurance

1. Scope

This Spec governs the performance of Nickel Metal Hydride prismatic cell and its stacked-up batteries. The nominal voltage of this type unit cell is 1.2V, and the voltage of the stacked-up batteries shall be equal to the value of the unit cell multiplied by the number of cells in the batteries, and the capacity shall be the capacity of the unit cell:

For example: EPT-F6 800, batteries of 3 cell

Nominal voltage of unit cell: 1.2V

Voltage of the batteries: $1.2 \times 3 = 3.6V$, Capacity of the battery: 800mAh

2. Ratings

The following is the basic item to rating a cell. May test the cell under demand.

Description	Unit	Specification	Conditions
Nominal Voltage	V/cell	1.20	Unit cell
Nominal Capacity	mAh	800	Standard charge and discharge
Standard Charge	mA	80(0.1C)	Ambient temperature 0~45°C
	hrs	16	
Fast Charge	mA	800 (1.0C)	- $\Delta V = 5 \sim 10mV$, ambient temperature 0~45°C Timer = 120% nominal input TCO: 45~50°C $-dT/dt = 0.8 \sim 1.0^\circ C/min$
	hrs	1.2	
Internal Resistance	mΩ/cell	≤ 30	at 1 kHz, fully charged, 20°C
Cut-off Voltage	V/cell	1.0	Discharge current $\leq 1.0C$
Max. Discharge Current	mA	3C	Ambient temperature -20 ~80°C
Storage Temperature	°C	-20 ~35	Charges 80% nominal input
Average weight	g	13	

3. Performance

Except for special notice, the test should be carried out with a month after delivery under the following conditions:

The ambient temperature is: $20 \pm 5^\circ C$

The ambient humidity is: $65 \pm 20\%$

The testing instrument must meet the following:

Voltmeter : IEC 480 prescribed 0.5 grade or more, resistance must be more than $10K \Omega / V$

Galvanometer : IEC 51/IEC 480 prescribed 0.5 grade or more, total resistance must be less than 0.01Ω

Ri ohmmeter: AC sine 1KHz, 4 terminal

Test	Unit	Specification	Conditions	Remarks
OCV	V/cell	≥ 1.25	With in 1hrs after standard charge	
Capacity	mAh	$\geq 100\%$	Standard charge and discharge	Allow 3 cycles
Internal Impedance	$m\Omega$ /cell	≤ 30	Fully charged, Ambient temperature 20°C	
High Rate Discharge	min	≥ 54	Standard charge, rest 1hrs 1C discharge to 1.0V	Allow 3 cycles
Discharge at Low Temperature	mAh	$\geq 60\%$ Nominal Capacity	Standard charge at 20°C 0.5C discharge to 1.0V/cell at 0°C	
Charge at High Temperature	mAh	$\geq 80\%$ Nominal Capacity	1.0C charge at 40°C, $-\Delta V=10mV$ /cell, Standard discharge at 20°C	
Self-discharge	mAh	$\geq 60\%$ Nominal Capacity	Standard charge, storage 28 day at 20°C, Standard discharge	
Humidity		Deformation	1C fully charged, $33 \pm 3^\circ C$, $80 \pm 5\%$ R.H., storage 14 day	
The Resistance to Vibration		The change of voltage: $\leq 0.02V$ /cell The change of Ri: $\leq 5 m\Omega$ /cell	Charge: 16hrs at 0.1C Rest: 24hrs Inspect the cell before and after vibration Vibration conditions: Amplitude: 1.5mm Frequency: 3000CPM at random orientation for 80 min	
The Resistance to Shock		The change of voltage: $\leq 0.02V$ /cell The change of Ri: $\leq 5 m\Omega$ /cell	Charge: 16hrs at 0.1C Rest: 24hrs Inspect the cell before and after shock Shock condition: Drop 3 times onto solid wood (10mm thickness) from 1.5m height at random orientation.	
Over Charge		No rupture	0.1C for 48hrs	
Over Discharge		No rupture	After standard charged, be short-circuited by a maximum 0.1 ohm resistance	
IEC Cycles Life	cycle	≥ 500	IEC61951-2 (2001) 4.4.1	See note 1
Accelerated Cycles Life	cycle	≥ 300	1.0C charged, rest 30min, 1.0C discharge to 1.0V,	Cycling charge /cutoff condition:

			capacity $\geq 80\%$ Nominal Capacity	- $\Delta V=10\text{mV/cell}$ voltage cutoff =110% of input capacity
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4. Appearance

Cell should be without any cracking, rupture, dirt, shading, leakage and deformation.

5. Standard of quality assurance (AQL)

All tests should be done according the following methods (ref.MIL-STD-105E)

Number	Item of test	Sampling criteria	Standard of quality assurance
1 .	Cosmetic	I grade	1.5
2 .	Dimension	I grade	0.65
3 .	Performance	I grade	0.4

Including: capacity, performance of charge and discharge at 1C, open current voltage, Internal resistance.

6. Warranty

One year's guarantee is valid for the defects caused by processing and materials.

7. Caution

7.1 Do not dispose of cell into a fire or dismantled under any condition

7.2 Do not mix different cell types and capacities in the same battery assembly

7.3 Charge and discharge under specified current recommend to the specification

7.4 Short circuit leading to cell venting must be avoided

7.5 Never solder onto cell directly

7.6 Cell reversal should be avoided

7.7 Use batteries in extreme condition may affect the service life, such as: extreme temperature , deep cycle, extreme overcharge and over discharge

7.8 Batteries should be stored in a cool, dry place , Please discharge before mass storage or transportation

7.9 Once problems be found , stop using , send batteries to local agent

7.10 Because the limit of the electrochemical system, charged the cell of 80%~100% nominal input under long storage is recommended

7.11 To maintain the performance of the cell stored for about 6 months, cycling (charging and discharging) the cell for several times is recommended

Note: IEC61951-2 (2001) 4.4 .1 Cycle Life Test:

Cycle No.	Charge	Rest	Discharge
1	0.1C×16hrs	0	0.25C×2hrs 20min
2~48	0.25C×3hrs 10min	0	0.25C×2hrs 20min
49	0.25C×3hrs 10min	0	0.25C to 1.0V/cell
50	0.1C×16hrs	1~4hrs	0.20C to 1.0V/cell
Repeat 1 to 50 cycles, until the discharge time of a 50 th cycle is less than 3hrs			